



Target Market Determination

Issuer Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (PFSL)

ABN 29 082 494 362 **AFSL** 238 371

Fund Longwave Australian Small Companies Fund

ARSN 630 979 449

APIR WHT9368AU, WHT5141AU **ISIN** AU60WHT93688, AU60WHT51413

TMD Date issued 30/11/2023 TMD Version 3

SUMMARY

This product is intended for use as a minor allocation for a consumer who is seeking capital growth and has a very high risk and return profile for that portion of their investment portfolio. It is likely to be consistent with the financial situation and needs of a consumer with a 5 - 7 years investment timeframe and who is unlikely to need to withdraw their money on less than one week's notice.

This Target Market Determination (**TMD**) is required under section 994B of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (**Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is not a product disclosure statement and is not a summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation, or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the Product Disclosure Statement for Longwave Australian Small Companies Fund before making a decision whether to invest in the product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by visiting www.longwavecapital.com or by contacting the issuer on 1300 010 311.

TMD Indicator Key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red/amber/green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market (Green) Potentially in target market (Amber) Not considered in target market (Red)

Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

Appropriateness

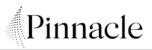
The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table below are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of minor allocation). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a High risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that minor allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is Medium. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

The FSC has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this portfolio view for diversification, available on the FSC website.





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CONSUMER OBJECTIVES	TMD INDICATOR	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION (INCLUDING KEY ATTRIBUTES)	
Consumer's investment objective			
Capital Growth	Green	The Fund aims to outperform the Benchmark over the long	
Capital Preservation	Red	term.	
Income Distribution	Red		
Consumer's intended product use			
Solution / Standalone (up to100%)	Red	The Fund is comprised of 90-100% Australian and New	
Major allocation (up to 75%)	Red	Zealand equities and 0-10% cash and cash equivalents. The	
Core allocation (up to 50%)	Red	portfolio diversification of the Fund is Medium.	
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	Green		
Satellite / allocation (up to 10%)	Green		
Consumer's investment timeframe			
Minimum investment timeframe	5-7 years	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product is 5-7 years.	
Consumer's risk (ability to bear loss) and retu	rn profile		
Low	Red	The Fund's risk band is 7 (Very high). The Fund's benchmark is	
Medium	Red	the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index.	
High	Red		
Very high	Green		
Extremely high	Red		
Consumer's need to access capital			
Within one week of request	Green	Withdrawal requests can be made daily, and must be	
Within one month of request	Green	received, verified and accepted by the Fund's unit registry	
Within three months of request	Green	prior to 12pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day. Investors will normally receive payment of a withdrawal within 5 Business Days. Withdrawals may be delayed on or around a distributior date.	
Within one year of request	Green		

DISTRIBUTION CONDITIONS			
Distribution Conditions	Distribution condition rationale	Distributors / Investors the condition applies to	
Retail clients who have not received personal advice (as defined in the Corporations Act) must complete consumer attribute questions to identify the purpose of their investment. Responses to these questions will be assessed by the issuer to determine if a significant dealing has occurred. If the applicant is identified as being at risk of harm, the issuer's trained staff will contact the applicant to ensure the risks of the product are fully understood. Risk of harm is assessed from certain escalation triggers embedded in the questionnaire.	This distribution condition will make it likely that the issuer can identify if the product is being effectively distributed within the target market.	Retail clients who invest directly with the issuer and have not received personal advice. Investment can be made either by completing a physical application form or by completing the online version of the same form.	
Retail clients who have received personal advice must provide the name of the adviser and confirm that the investment is in connection with the implementation of financial advice when completing their application form.	This will make it likely that investors are investing as directed by a professional adviser.	Retail clients who invest directly with the issuer and have received personal advice.	
Unaffiliated distributors (that are not excluded by virtue of solely engaging in excluded conduct (as defined in the Corporations Act)) must have provided the issuer with the FSC Distributor Due Diligence Questionnaire, or an equivalent due diligence document. In addition, all distributors (that are not excluded by virtue of solely engaging in excluded conduct) are required to report to the issuer as per the reporting obligations outlined below. The issuer will incorporate	This will ensure that the issuer can identify distributors who are not able to effectively distribute to the target market.	Unaffiliated distributors (that are not excluded by virtue of solely engaging in Excluded Conduct)	



Initial review

Subsequent review



CAPITAL		\\\\\
distributor reporting into its ongoing		
monitoring procedures.		
Affiliated distributors (namely, the issuer, Investment Manager or their Related Bodies Corporate) who engage in retail product distribution conduct (as defined in the Corporations Act) must have demonstrated knowledge, competence and experience in the Fund, its characteristics and the contents of the TMD.	This condition will assist the issuer to demonstrate that reasonable steps have been taken to ensure that the distribution activities of its distributors are aligned to the TMD.	Affiliated distributors
Review triggers		
Material change to the product description in	cluding key attributes	
Material deviation from benchmark / objectiv	e over sustained period	

Material number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders, or directions that materially affects the product

MANDATORY REVIEW PERIODS

Review period Maximum period for review

1 year, 3 months 3 year, 3 months

Product has not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable 'significant dealing'

Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating	As soon as practicable but no later	All distributors
to the product. The distributor should provide all the	than 10 business days following end	
content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	of calendar quarter.	
Significant dealing outside of target market, under section	As soon as practicable but no later	All distributors
994F(6) of the Act.	than 10 business days after	
See Definitions for further detail	distributor becomes aware of the	
See Definitions for further detail	significant dealing.	

TERM	DEFINITION
Consumer's investment objective	re
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to generate capital return. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks and investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimise capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or taxeffective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
Consumer's intended product use	
Solution / Standalone (up to100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with very high portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least high portfolio diversification.
Core allocation (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least medium portfolio diversification.
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least low portfolio diversification.
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total investable assets. The consumer may seek a product with very low portfolio diversification. Products classified as extremely high risk are likely to meet this category only.
Investible Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the family home.
Portfolio diversification (for comple	ting the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)
Very Low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market.





CAPITAL	Timeere
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income
High	securities or global natural resources). The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in
	multiple broad asset classes, sectors or geographic markets.
Very High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors and geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.
Consumer's intended investment	
Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over
	which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear lo	ss) and Return profile
The Fund Issuer has determined th extremely risky. The risk rating is be	e risk of this product on a scale of 1 (very low) to 7 (very high), higher than 7 is considered to be
	seed on two approaches. RM) describes risk on a 1 – 7 scale based on the likely number of negative returns over a 20-year period.
	essed based on past returns, where past returns are limited or unavailable, the Issuer may use composit
portfolios or an appropria	
	s of risk and the risk category shown may shift over time. The lowest risk rating is not risk free.
Low	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a conservative or low risk appetite, and a startial leases (a.g. bas the ability to be appeared.) The starting in t
	seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 reactive nature area a 30 year paried (CDM 1 to 3)), and
	negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and
	is comfortable with a low target return profile.
	The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).
Medium	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	 has a moderate or medium risk appetite,
	 seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative
	returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and
	 is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.
	The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).
High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a high risk appetite,
	 can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative
	returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and
	 seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
Mama hish	The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).
Very high	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a very high risk appetite, and according to the desired according to the above to the above to the desired to the de
	• can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7
	negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and
	 seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
	The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).
Extremely High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
Extremely riigh	has an extremely high risk appetite,
	 can accept significant volatility and losses, and
	 seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).
	The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have
	features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or
	niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Consumer's need to access capital	
Consumer's need to access capital	This consumer attribute addresses the likely period of time between the making of a request for
	redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of
	proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequenc
	for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of
	such a request. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity
	constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into
	consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is
	held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to
	process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds
	process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of the market for the
	process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds





Significant dealings

Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.

The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC.

Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:

- they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or
- they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).

In each case, the distributor should have regard to:

- the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),
- the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and
- the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red and/or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).

Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:

- it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,
- the consumer's intended product use is solution/standalone,
- the consumer's intended product use is core component or higher and the consumer's risk/return profile is low, or
- the relevant product has a green rating for consumers seeking extremely high risk/return.